

# Nonslender Bearing Wall

## Empirical Design Method (ACI 318-05, 14.5)

A concrete bearing wall supports a floor system. The height of the wall is 10 ft, and the wall is considered laterally restrained at the top.

### Design Data

#### Floor beam reactions:

$$P_D := 55 \text{ klf}$$

$$P_L := 30 \text{ klf}$$

Neglect weight of wall

#### Concrete

$$f'_c := 4000 \text{ psi}$$

$$\phi := 0.65$$

#### Minimum reinforcement ratios

$$\rho_{\min h} := 0.0020$$

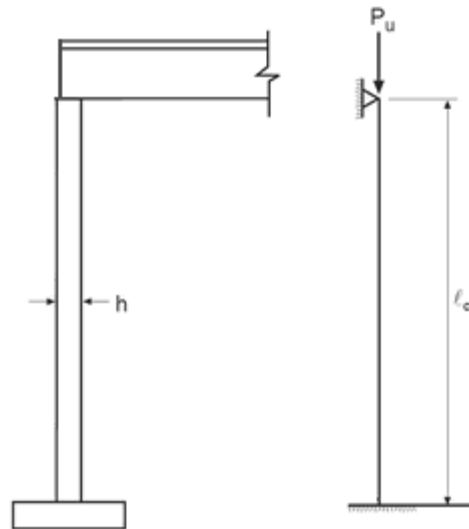
$$\rho_{\min v} := 0.0012$$

#### Geometry

Wall height  $l_c := 10 \text{ ft}$

Assumed load eccentricity  $e := 1.33 \text{ in}$

Effective length factor  $k := 0.8$



### Calculations

- Select trial wall thickness  $h$

Minimum thickness  $h_{\min} := \max\left(4 \text{ in}, \frac{l_c}{25}\right) \quad h_{\min} = 4.8 \text{ in}$

Trial thickness  $h := 8 \text{ in}$

Check eccentricity  $\frac{h}{6} = 1.333 \text{ in} \quad \text{if} \left( e > \frac{h}{6}, \text{"NG"}, \text{"OK"} \right) = \text{"OK"}$

Slenderness  $\frac{k \cdot l_c}{0.3 \cdot h} = 40$

2. Calculate factored loading

$$b := 1\text{ft}$$

$$P_u := b \cdot (1.2P_D + 1.6P_L) \quad P_u = 114\text{ kips}$$

3. Calculate design strength of wall

$$A_g := b \cdot h \quad A_g = 96\text{ in}^2$$

$$\phi P_n := 0.55 \cdot \phi \cdot f_c \cdot A_g \cdot \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{k \cdot l_c}{32 \cdot h} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$\phi P_n = 117.975\text{ kips} \quad \frac{P_u}{\phi P_n} = 0.966$$

$$\text{if}(\phi P_n < P_u, \text{"NG"}, \text{"OK"}) = \text{"OK"}$$

4. Determine single layer of reinforcement

$$A_{s\text{minv}} := \rho_{\text{minv}} \cdot h \quad A_{s\text{minh}} := \rho_{\text{minh}} \cdot h$$

$$A_{s\text{minv}} = 0.115 \frac{\text{in}^2}{\text{ft}} \quad A_{s\text{minh}} = 0.192 \frac{\text{in}^2}{\text{ft}}$$